

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.usplo.gov

APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/666,054 09/20/2000		9/20/2000	Sang Ho Lee	HI-017	5515	
34610	7590	08/22/2006	EXAMINER			
FLESHNEI	•	LLP	MOORE	MOORE, IAN N		
P.O. BOX 22 CHANTILL		153	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
	1, 111 20		2616			
			DATE MAILED: 08/22/2006			

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

					SV			
		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/666,05	54	LEE, SANG HO	•			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit				
		lan N. Mo	ore	2616				
Period for I	The MAILING DATE of this commun Reply	nication appears on the	cover sheet with the c	orrespondence ad	idress			
WHICH - Extensic after SIX - If NO pe - Failure t Any repl	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F EVER IS LONGER, FROM THE Notes of time may be available under the provisions (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this commod from the provisions of the maximum signal from the provision of the provisio	MAILING DATE OF THE S of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no even munication. It is tautory period will apply and with a structure of the supply and with a supply and will, by statute, cause the apply and will, by statute, cause the apply and will, by statute, cause the apply and will, by statute, and will apply apply and will apply and will apply apply and will apply apply and will apply apply and will apply apply apply apply apply apply apply and will apply	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin II expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. sely filed the mailing date of this c D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)⊠ R	esponsive to communication(s) file	ed on <u>07 June 2006</u> .						
2a)	his action is FINAL.	2b)⊠ This action is n	on-final.					
•	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition	of Claims							
4a 5)⊠ C 6)⊠ C 7)⊠ C	laim(s) <u>1-5,7-12,14,15,17,19,20,2</u> ;) Of the above claim(s) is/a laim(s) <u>1-5,7-12,14,15,17,19,20 ar</u> laim(s) <u>26,27,29,31-33,39,40 and</u> laim(s) <u>43</u> is/are objected to. laim(s) are subject to restri	re withdrawn from co. nd 22-25 is/are allowe 42 is/are rejected.	nsideration. d.	ng in the application	on.			
Application	n Papers							
9)[] Th	e specification is objected to by the	e Examiner.						
10) \boxtimes The drawing(s) filed on <u>9-20-2000</u> is/are: a) \square accepted or b) \boxtimes objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	eplacement drawing sheet(s) including the oath or declaration is objected t							
Priority une	der 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12)	knowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority Certified copies of the priority Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation	documents have bee documents have bee of the priority docume onal Bureau (PCT Rul	n received. n received in Applicati ents have been receive e 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National	Stage			
Attachment(s) of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of 3) Information	of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (I tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 o lo(s)/Mail Date		Paper No(s)/Mail Do 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other:	ate	O-152)			

Application/Control Number: 09/666,054 Page 2

Art Unit: 2616

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawing (FIG. 3) is objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(5) because they include the following reference character(s) **not mentioned** in the description: AFE (at the upper left side of FIG. 3).

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d), or amendment to the specification to add the reference character(s) in the description in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(b) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 26,27,29,31-33, 39, 40 and 42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over (Uriu et al, hereinafter "Uriu", US Patent 5,301,184) in view of Blanc

Application/Control Number: 09/666,054

Art Unit: 2616

(US006411599B1). Uriu discloses a control system for switching duplicated switch units in an ATM exchange.

With regard to claim 26, Uriu discloses a first system including switch 21a is operating as the active system (master board) and the second system including the switch 21 b is operating as the standby system (slave) (column 5, lines 26-39). Connections between individual components of the active system and the second system, as illustrated by Figure 3, (column 5, lines 14-26). Uriu further discloses a multiplexer or selector 27 connected to buffers 24a and 24b (connecting ports on master board and slave board) (column 5, lines 25-29). When the first system is switched from the active system to the standby system and the second system is switched from the standby system to the active system, the active system information bit (ATM cells state information / storing state information) "0" is written in each ATM cell applied to switch 21a (receiving/carrying ATM state information for the boards) and the active system indication bit (ATM cells state information / storing state information) "1" is written into each ATM cell applied to switch 21b (receiving ATM cells state information for the boards) (column 6, lines 16-23). The monitor unit 26a changes the active system indication bit related to first ATM cell stored in the VPI/VCI table 25a (virtual path / virtual channel) (column 6, lines 36-39).

Uriu does not disclose wherein signal lines for switching duplexing between the two boards, and wherein the signal lines connecting the ports on the master board and slave board bypass a bus. However, Blanc teaches wherein signal lines carry state information (see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 9; control signals, watchdog or state information for ATM cells) for switching duplexing between the two boards (see FIG. 1, transmission through input to output port/pin connection 50i, 60, 40j between Switch Fabric left 10 and right 20; see col. 3, line 10 to

Art Unit: 2616

col. 4, line 36), and wherein the signal lines connecting the ports on the master board and slave board bypass a bus (see FIG. 1, avoiding/not-using/bypassing Bus/connection 32i, 33i, 34j, and/or 35j that couples switch fabric left and right; see col. 5, line 21-26; see col. 9, line 25-45) carrying ATM cells data for the boards (see col. 1, line 14-15; see col. 3, line 10-65; control signals, watchdog, and state information of ATM cells for the fabrics). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide input to output connections 50i, 60, 40 j between two switch fabrics by avoiding/not-using a cell bus/connection, as taught by Blanc in the system of Uriu, so that it would provide fault tolerant mechanisms providing high availability of the switching resources; see Blanc col. 2, line 1-12.

With regard to claim 27, Blanc al discloses wherein the number of signal lines is more than one (see FIG. 1, three lines/connections 50i, 60, and 40j between Switch Fabric left 10 and right 20; see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 36). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide more than one input to output connections 50i, 60, 40 j between two switch fabrics, as taught by Blanc in the system of Uriu, for the same motivation as set forth above in claim 26.

With regard to claim 29, Uriu discloses when the first system is switched from the active system to the standby system and the second system is switched from the standby system to the active system, the active system information bit "0" is written in each ATM cell applied to switch 21a and the active system indication bit "1" is written into each ATM cell applied to switch 21b (column 6, lines 16-23). The writing of the active system information bit reads on applicant's reset signal. Blanc also discloses the state information includes a reset signal for resting the master board when the master boards switches to the standby state (see col. 3, line 10

Art Unit: 2616

to col. 4, line 9; control signals, watchdog or state information reset/change the state of the working/master/active fabric).

With regard to claim 31 and 32, Uriu discloses a first system including switch 21a is operating as the active system and the second system including the switch 21b is operating as the standby system (column 5, lines 26-39). Figure 3 illustrates the components of both the active and the second system. Specifically, the each system comprises a switch 21a and 21b (at least one port), a demultiplexer 22a and 22b, a first buffer 23a and 23b (memory), a second buffer 24a and 24b (memory), a VPI/VCI table 25a and 25b (memory), and a monitor unit 26a and 26b (controller) (column 5, lines 14-26). When the first system is switched from the active system to the standby system and the second system is switched from the standby system to the active system the active system information bit (state information) "0" is written in each ATM cell applied to switch 21a and the active system indication bit (state information) "1" is written into each ATM cell applied to switch 21 b (column 6, lines 16-23). The monitor unit 26a changes (updates) the active system indication bit (controls duplexing state) related to first ATM cell stored in the VPI/VCI table 25a. The second buffer 24a refers to the contents of VPI/VCI table 25a and prevents the first ATM cell from being written therein (column 6, lines 36-41).

With regard to claim 33, the combined system of Uriu and Blanc discloses a memory and Blanc disclose a memory which stores the state information and a controller controls based on state information as set forth above in claim 31. Blanc further discloses the slave board monitors changes in state information of the master board (see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 9; monitoring and sending state information from right fabric to left fabric, or vice-versa.)

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the

Art Unit: 2616

invention was made to provide monitoring and sending state information of a fabric to each other, as taught by Blanc in the system of Uriu, for the same motivation as set forth above in claim 26.

With regard to claim 39, Uriu discloses a first system including switch 21a is operating as the active system (master board) and the second system including the switch 21 b is
operating as the standby system (slave board) (column 5, lines 26-39). When the first system is
switched from the active system to the standby system and the second system is switched from
the standby system to the active system, the active system information bit (ATM cells state
information / storing state information) "0" is written in each ATM cell applied to switch 21a
(receiving state information) and the active system indication bit (ATM cells state information /
storing state information) "1" is written into each ATM cell applied to switch 21b (receiving
ATM cells state information) (column 6, lines 16-23). The monitor unit 26a changes the active
system indication bit related to first ATM cell stored in the VPI/VCI table 25a (virtual path /
virtual channel) (column 6, lines 36-39).

Uriu does not explicitly disclose transmitted through a pin-to-pin connection between the master and slave boards, said pin-to-pin connection bypassing a bus, which is coupled to the master and slave boards. However, Blanc teaches wherein the state information (see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 9; control signals, watchdog or state information for ATM cells), is transmitted through a pin-to-pin connection between the master and slave boards (see FIG. 1, transmission through input to output port/pin connection 50i, 60, 40j between Switch Fabric left 10 and right 20; see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 36), and said pin-to-pin connection bypassing a bus which is coupled to the master and slave boards (see FIG. 1, avoiding/not-using/bypassing

Application/Control Number: 09/666,054

Art Unit: 2616

Bus/connection 32i, 33i, 34j, and/or 35j that couples switch fabric left and right; see col. 5, line 21-26; see col. 9, line 25-45) for carrying ATM cell information (see col. 1, line 14-15; see col. 3, line 10-65; control signals, watchdog, and state information of ATM cells). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide input to output connections 50i, 60, 40 j between two switch fabrics by avoiding/not-using a cell bus/connection, as taught by Blanc in the system of Uriu, so that it would provide fault tolerant mechanisms providing high availability of the switching resources; see Blanc col. 2, line 1-12.

With regard to claim 40, Uriu discloses a first system including switch 21a is operating as the active system (active state) and the second system including the switch 21b is operating as the standby system (standby state) (column 5, lines 26-39).

With regard to claim 42, Uriu discloses when the first system is switched from the active system to the standby system and the second system is switched from the standby system to the active system, the active system information bit "0" is written in each ATM cell applied to switch 21a and the active system indication bit "1" is written into each ATM cell applied to switch 21b (column 6, lines 16-23). The writing of the active system information bit reads on applicant's reset signal. Blanc et al discloses the switch fabric left 10 and right 20 are connected (connecting) to one another as illustrated by Figure 1 (see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 36). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide connection between fabrics to send control signals, as taught by Blanc in the system of Uriu, for the same motivation as stated above in claim 39.

Application/Control Number: 09/666,054 Page 8

Art Unit: 2616

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 1-5,7-12,14,15,17,19,20,22-25 are allowed.

5. Claim 43 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 26,27,29,31-33,39,40, and 42 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Regarding claim 39,40,42, the applicant argued that, "...Blanc does not tech or suggest transmitting state information through a "pin-to-pin connection bypassing a bus which is couple to the master and slave boards for carrying ATM cell information," where the state information "indicates a virtual path and virtual channel for determining an active state and a standby state of the slave board and the master board" as recited in claim 39..." in page 22, paragraph 1.

In response to applicant's argument, the examiner respectfully disagrees with the argument above.

Uriu discloses a virtual path and virtual channel for determining an active state and a standby state of the slave board and the master board, and transmitting/receiving/carrying ATM cells information as set forth in above rejection. Blanc teaches wherein the state information (see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 9; control signals, watchdog or state information for ATM cells), is transmitted through a pin-to-pin connection between the master and slave boards (see FIG. 1,

Application/Control Number: 09/666,054

Art Unit: 2616

Fabric left 10 and right 20; see col. 3, line 10 to col. 4, line 36), and said pin-to-pin connection bypassing a bus which is coupled to the master and slave boards (see FIG. 1, avoiding/not-using/bypassing Bus/connection 32i, 33i, 34j, and/or 35j that couples switch fabric left and right; see col. 5, line 21-26; see col. 9, line 25-45) for carrying ATM cell information (see col. 1, line 14-15; see col. 3, line 10-65; control signals, watchdog, and state information of ATM cells). Thus, the combined system of Uriu and Blanc discloses the claimed invention.

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986). In this case, the rejection is based upon the combined system of Uriu and Blanc.

In view of the above, **the examiner respectfully disagrees** with applicant's argument and believes that the combination of references as set forth in the 103 rejections is proper.

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ian N. Moore whose telephone number is 571-272-3085. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM- 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Doris To can be reached on 571-272-7629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 09/666,054 Page 10

Art Unit: 2616

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

INM 8-8-06

DORIS H. TO
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600